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# Research on the Pathways to Enhance the Ability of English Majors in Chinese Universities to "Tell China's Stories Well"

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**Abstract:** In the context of global cultural dissemination, "telling China's story well" has become a crucial strategy for enhancing the international influence of Chinese culture. English majors in Chinese universities, with their linguistic advantages, are key agents in disseminating China's stories. However, their capacity-building faces practical challenges, including insufficient understanding of cultural connotations, lack of cross-cultural communication skills, and limited practical opportunities and methods. By analyzing the current situation and challenges faced by English majors, this paper proposes a trinity pathway for enhancing their abilities. The study argues that through systematic and collaborative cultivation, English majors in China can better fulfill their role as cultural communicators, leveraging their professional English skills to present a truthful, multidimensional, and comprehensive image of China, thereby promoting Chinese culture globally.

**Keywords:** telling China's story well; English majors in Chinese universities; capacity enhancement

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## 1. Introduction

In today's globalized world, nations strive to strengthen their cultural presence on the international stage. One such initiative is China's strategy of enhancing its cultural recognition, known as "telling China's story well." This approach aims to shape a comprehensive, accurate image of China, one that is accessible and relatable to people across the globe. By doing so, it seeks to elevate China's cultural influence and expand its global footprint.

English majors, with their linguistic capabilities and cultural insights, are uniquely positioned to play a pivotal role in this cultural exchange. As proficient communicators, they hold the potential to serve as intermediaries, facilitating a deeper understanding of China's culture between Chinese society and the rest of the world. This makes them key participants in the mission of "telling China's story well," acting as both practitioners and advocates of the narrative [1].

Despite the significance of this initiative, there are notable gaps in existing research. While much of the literature focuses on the rationale behind the strategy and the specific narratives that should be communicated, the practical aspects of how to effectively convey China's story remain underexplored. Additionally, there is a lack of research addressing the role of English majors in this process, especially in terms of building their capacity to become effective communicators in this context. Therefore, investigating ways to enhance the skills of English majors in "telling China's story well" is not only important from a theoretical perspective but also crucial for improving the success of China's international communication efforts and increasing its cultural influence globally [2].

## 2. Current Situation and Challenges Faced by English Majors in Chinese Universities in “Telling China’s Story Well”

As discussed earlier, English majors play a crucial role in the mission of “telling China’s story well.” They are expected to bridge cultural gaps and present a more nuanced image of China to the world. However, there are several challenges that hinder their ability to effectively perform this task, both from an academic and practical standpoint. These challenges can be grouped into three key areas: limited understanding of cultural connotations, inadequate cross-cultural communication skills, and insufficient practical opportunities for international engagement.

### 2.1. *Insufficient Understanding of Cultural Connotations*

One of the fundamental prerequisites for telling China’s story effectively is a deep, nuanced understanding of the country’s cultural roots. The story of China is rich with historical and philosophical depth, and to convey it meaningfully, one must not only understand the factual content but also grasp the underlying cultural logic and values. However, the current educational framework for English majors in China often falls short in providing comprehensive insights into Chinese literature, history, and philosophy.

The curriculum tends to focus more on language acquisition and foreign cultural studies, leaving little room for students to explore China’s own cultural heritage in depth. This creates a situation where students are often familiar with the surface-level aspects of Chinese culture but lack a deeper understanding of its core principles and traditions [3]. As a result, when they attempt to share China’s story, they may present it in a way that feels disconnected from the profound historical and philosophical context that shapes it. This lack of depth can hinder their ability to engage in meaningful cross-cultural dialogue and make it more challenging to communicate China’s true essence to international audiences.

### 2.2. *Lack of Cross-Cultural Communication Skills*

Cultural differences between the East and West present a significant challenge in telling China’s story. Western cultures tend to emphasize individualism and personal freedoms, while Eastern cultures, particularly Chinese culture, place a higher value on harmony, collectivism, and social cohesion. These contrasting cultural frameworks often lead to misunderstandings when trying to communicate across these cultural divides.

English majors, while proficient in the English language, often lack a strong foundation in their own cultural heritage [4]. This can lead to an overemphasis on Western values and narratives, which makes it difficult for them to articulate the complexities of Chinese culture in a way that resonates with foreign audiences. The failure to fully appreciate and articulate the deeper values of Chinese culture—such as the importance of family, respect for authority, and the balance between tradition and modernity—limits their ability to tell China’s story in a compelling and authentic way.

Moreover, the teaching of cross-cultural communication skills is often insufficient, leaving students ill-prepared to navigate the complexities of intercultural interactions [5]. Effective communication requires not only linguistic proficiency but also an understanding of how to tailor messages to different cultural contexts. Without this ability, students may struggle to convey China’s values in a manner that is both accurate and engaging for international audiences. Therefore, enhancing the study of Chinese culture and integrating cross-cultural communication into the curriculum are essential steps for preparing English majors to play their role in telling China’s story effectively.

### 2.3. *Limited Practical Opportunities and Methods*

In addition to academic challenges, English majors also face significant practical hurdles in applying their knowledge and skills in real-world contexts [6]. One of the key barriers is the limited opportunities for international exchange. While some students have

access to official cultural programs, such as those organized by Confucius Institutes or cultural festivals, these opportunities are often few and far between. Many students lack the chance to participate in immersive cross-cultural experiences where they can practice their communication skills and engage with foreign audiences directly [7].

Moreover, the methods of international communication used by English majors are often traditional and one-dimensional. They may rely heavily on formal presentations, lectures, or cultural showcases that do not allow for meaningful dialogue or engagement with diverse global audiences. This results in a communication strategy that can be described as “telling without spreading” —while the stories of China are told, they do not reach a broad or diverse audience, nor do they foster deep understanding or engagement.

To address these challenges, there needs to be a stronger emphasis on practical international communication strategies that allow students to engage in more dynamic and interactive forms of cultural exchange [8]. This could involve the creation of platforms for real-time cross-cultural dialogues, virtual exchange programs, and collaborative projects that bring Chinese students and international peers together to discuss shared cultural interests. Only by expanding the range of practical opportunities can English majors truly become effective ambassadors of China’s story to the world.

### **3. Pathways to Enhance the Ability of English Majors in Chinese Universities to “Tell China’s Stories Well”**

To address the challenges faced by English majors in effectively “telling China’s story well,” a concerted effort is required from university administrators, educators, and students themselves. University leaders must refine the broader educational frameworks, teachers should innovate their teaching methodologies, and students need to proactively enhance their skills. By optimizing talent development strategies, deepening teaching reforms, and strengthening value-driven guidance, a comprehensive pathway for improving the capacity of English majors can be established [9]. This pathway would provide the necessary foundation for these students to successfully fulfill the task of representing China’s story to the world.

#### *3.1. Innovating Talent Cultivation to Improve Language Skills*

Universities should develop clear, top-level plans for talent cultivation that emphasize interdisciplinary, innovative education. The following strategies can be implemented to improve students' language proficiency and overall ability to communicate China’s story globally:

**Optimizing Training Programs:** Universities should design educational models that foster interdisciplinary talent. This involves integrating different disciplines and encouraging students to approach their studies with a broader, more open-minded perspective. This approach will not only enhance students’ cross-cultural communication abilities but will also broaden their worldview, allowing them to approach intercultural dialogues more effectively [10].

**Incorporating Chinese Culture into the Curriculum:** English teaching materials should be enriched with insights from China’s traditional culture, historical development, and philosophical outlook. Integrating these elements will deepen students' understanding of their own cultural heritage, allowing them to better articulate China’s stories in a manner that is authentic and grounded in history.

**Blended Teaching Models:** A combination of online and offline teaching methods should be adopted. This approach would allow for more flexible learning opportunities and enable students to access a wide range of resources that support their educational goals [11]. The curriculum should be designed so that every course contributes in some way to the overarching goal of helping students “tell China’s story well.”

**Revamping Evaluation Mechanisms:** Assessment methods should not only focus on language proficiency but should also measure students' global perspectives and national

identity. In terms of “global perspectives,” students should be evaluated on their ability to understand and engage with the world. For “national identity,” assessments should focus on how well students understand Chinese culture and values, ensuring they are capable of conveying these effectively in international contexts.

### *3.2. Deepening Teaching Reforms to Enhance Cross-Cultural Communication Skills*

Teaching reforms should aim to foster two-way communication that integrates an understanding of both foreign cultures and the promotion of Chinese culture. The following strategies can be implemented:

**Shifting Teaching Objectives:** Rather than focusing solely on one-way communication (i.e., teaching students about foreign cultures), the objective should shift to cultivating students’ two-way communication skills. This includes not only understanding and appreciating foreign cultures but also effectively disseminating Chinese cultural narratives. Integrating “telling China’s story well” as a core teaching goal will help students develop the skills needed for effective international communication [12].

**Scenario-Based Teaching Models:** A “guidance + inspiration” approach to teaching should be adopted. This model encourages active participation and real-world application of knowledge. By incorporating information technology and integrating teaching resources, students can engage in hands-on learning experiences that help build their practical communication skills.

**Task-Based Learning:** Students should be given tasks and assignments related to China’s stories, with varying levels of complexity. These assignments should help them explore the country’s excellent traditional culture, revolutionary culture, and modern developments. This approach ensures that students develop a well-rounded understanding of China’s multifaceted identity.

**Reforming Evaluation Methods:** The emphasis should shift from solely evaluating the outcome (e.g., written exams or final projects) to focusing on the process of learning. This approach involves ongoing feedback and assessments that measure students’ progress in acquiring practical communication skills, as well as their ability to effectively convey China’s story to international audiences.

### *3.3. Strengthening Value Guidance to Improve Discourse Capabilities*

For English majors to effectively “tell China’s story well,” they must develop strong value-based guidance alongside linguistic proficiency. The following approaches should be considered:

**Leveraging Ideological and Political Education:** English curricula should incorporate elements of ideological and political education to help students cultivate critical thinking skills. This can be achieved by using cultural narratives to stimulate deeper reflection on the values and principles underlying China’s story.

**Building Linguistic Competence with Cultural Depth:** Beyond mastering language mechanics, students should be taught to analyze language choices and communication strategies across various contexts. By understanding the cultural connotations and implications of different expressions, students can improve their ability to communicate China’s message with accuracy and nuance.

**Innovating Narrative Approaches:** Teachers should encourage students to adopt creative narrative techniques that blend linguistic skill with ideological depth. By seamlessly integrating China’s cultural essence with sophisticated narrative forms, students can enhance the impact of their storytelling. This approach preserves the authentic cultural values of China while maximizing the international appeal of its stories.

Ultimately, by aligning their linguistic capabilities with a deep understanding of cultural values, English majors can contribute to the global dissemination of China’s story in a manner that remains true to the nation’s heritage while resonating with audiences

worldwide. This holistic approach will help students become effective cultural ambassadors, capable of navigating the complexities of international communication and ensuring that China's voice is heard clearly and meaningfully across borders.

#### **4. Evaluating and Enhancing the Practical Impact of "Telling China's Story Well"**

To ensure that English majors in Chinese universities can effectively contribute to the global communication of China's narrative, a robust evaluation system is essential. This system should not only assess linguistic proficiency but also measure students' depth of cultural understanding, the effectiveness of their cross-cultural communication, and the overall impact of their storytelling efforts. Below, we explore how to evaluate the success of "telling China's story well" and suggest methods for enhancing its practical impact.

##### *4.1. Establishing Comprehensive Evaluation Mechanisms*

Effective evaluation of students' ability to "tell China's story well" requires a multi-faceted approach. It is crucial to assess both language proficiency and the students' ability to understand and convey cultural meanings. Language assessments should go beyond grammar and vocabulary to include how well students can express China's cultural values and historical context. For instance, evaluating their oral and written communication skills through presentations or essays about China's culture and history can provide insights into their ability to present a nuanced view of China.

Equally important is measuring the depth of students' cultural understanding. Assessments should focus on whether students can interpret Chinese culture, history, and philosophical ideas in a meaningful way. The goal is to ensure that students are not just narrating facts but are able to engage with the cultural significance of those facts and present them in a way that resonates with international audiences. To gauge cross-cultural communication effectiveness, evaluations should examine how well students adapt their message to various cultural contexts, taking into account different values, beliefs, and communication styles across the globe.

##### *4.2. Learning from Successful Case Studies*

Examining successful case studies of those who have effectively "told China's story well" can provide valuable insights. For example, analyzing cultural exchange programs, international collaborations, or successful projects involving Chinese culture can reveal strategies for engaging international audiences. Key factors for success include how these programs tailored their communication strategies to resonate with different cultural backgrounds and how they measured the impact of their efforts.

These case studies can also offer guidance on overcoming challenges such as language barriers, cultural misunderstandings, or misrepresentations of China's values. By studying these examples, educators can adopt best practices and avoid common pitfalls, ultimately improving their teaching methods and helping students better navigate the complexities of international communication.

##### *4.3. Gathering Feedback from Domestic and International Audiences*

Feedback from both domestic and international audiences is crucial in assessing how effectively China's stories are being received. Collecting feedback from participants in cultural events or digital exchanges will help universities understand how well the stories of China are being conveyed. Surveys and focus groups can capture the perceptions of international audiences regarding their understanding of China's culture after engaging with student-led initiatives.

Social media also plays a significant role in this process. Monitoring the engagement on platforms like Twitter, YouTube, or academic blogs can offer real-time data on how students' narratives are being received. This feedback can provide insights into the reach



and impact of students' storytelling efforts and highlight areas where their messaging may need refinement.

#### 4.4. Creating a Continuous Improvement System

Evaluation should not be a one-off process but an ongoing cycle of feedback and enhancement. The insights gained from assessments, case studies, and audience feedback should be used to refine both teaching practices and students' learning experiences. For instance, if students struggle to understand or convey certain cultural values, the curriculum can be adjusted to address those gaps. Similarly, practical opportunities for students to engage in international communication—such as internships, digital exchanges, or collaborative projects—should be expanded to allow them to apply their skills in real-world settings.

Moreover, faculty development is key. Educators should be continuously trained in the latest cross-cultural communication strategies and global trends. This ensures that they are equipped to guide students effectively in their efforts to “tell China's story well,” thereby raising the overall quality of the educational experience.

### 5. Conclusion

“Telling China's story well” is not just a cultural initiative; it is a national strategy aimed at enhancing China's cultural soft power and expanding its global influence. As the primary conduits for cultural exchange, English majors play a crucial role in this mission. Their ability to communicate China's values, history, and cultural identity in a manner that resonates with international audiences is essential for bridging the gap between China and the world.

To achieve this, universities must actively promote the development of English disciplines within the framework of the “New Liberal Arts.” This approach should be guided by curriculum-based ideological and political education, ensuring that students not only gain linguistic proficiency but also a deep understanding of China's cultural heritage, history, and values. The integration of these elements into the curriculum will lay a solid foundation for developing students' cross-cultural competence, national consciousness, and global perspective, all of which are critical for enhancing their ability to “tell China's story well.”

By cultivating English majors who are well-versed in both their own cultural heritage and global communication practices, universities can empower students to serve as ambassadors of China's story. These students will be able to communicate China's unique position in the world, offering a genuine and accurate portrayal of the country from an international comparative perspective. They will showcase China's rich cultural diversity through a multicultural lens, presenting an image that is not only credible but also lovable and respectable.

This undertaking is pivotal for the future of English major education. It serves as a cornerstone for building a generation of professionals capable of navigating the complexities of international communication and cultural exchange. Moreover, this initiative aligns with and contributes to national strategies, serving as a key mechanism for advancing China's global presence and promoting its culture worldwide.

Ultimately, by fostering the skills and mindset necessary to “tell China's story well,” English majors can make a lasting impact, both in the realm of academia and in the broader context of international diplomacy. Their contributions will help shape a more accurate and positive global narrative about China, ensuring that the country's story is shared with authenticity, dignity, and respect across the globe.

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